

a person who ... a thing that/which ... (relative clauses 1)

A



I met a woman. **She** can speak six languages.  
----- 2 sentences -----

she → who

----- 1 sentence -----  
I met **a woman who** can speak six languages.



Jim was wearing a hat. **It** was too big for him.  
----- 2 sentences -----

it → that or which

----- 1 sentence -----  
Jim was wearing **a hat that** was too big for him.  
or  
Jim was wearing **a hat which** was too big for him.

B

who is for people (not things):

A thief is a <b>person</b> Do you know <b>anybody</b> <b>The man</b> <b>The people</b>	<b>who</b> steals things. <b>who</b> can play the piano? <b>who</b> phoned <b>who</b> work in the office	didn't give his name. are very friendly.
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C

that is for things or people:

An aeroplane is a <b>machine</b> Emma lives in a <b>house</b> <b>The people</b>	<b>that</b> flies. <b>that</b> is 500 years old. <b>that</b> work in the office	are very friendly.
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You can use **that** for people, but **who** is more usual.

D

which is for things (not people):

An aeroplane is a <b>machine</b> Emma lives in a <b>house</b>	<b>which</b> flies. (not 'a machine who ...') <b>which</b> is 500 years old.
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Do not use **which** for people:

- Do you remember **the woman who** was playing the piano at the party?  
(not 'the woman which ...')

EXERCISES

113.1 Choose from the boxes and write sentences: A ... is a person who ... Use a dictionary if necessary.

a thief a dentist  
a butcher a fool  
a musician a genius  
a patient a liar

doesn't tell the truth is ill in hospital  
looks after your teeth steals things  
is very intelligent is very stupid  
plays a musical instrument sells meat

- A thief is a person who steals things.
- A butcher is a person .....
- A musician .....
- .....
- .....
- .....
- .....
- .....

113.2 Make one sentence from two.

- (A man phoned. He didn't give his name.)  
The man who phoned didn't give his name.
- (A woman opened the door. She was wearing a yellow dress.)  
The woman ..... a yellow dress.
- (Some students took the exam. Most of them passed.)  
Most of the students .....
- (A policeman stopped our car. He wasn't very friendly.)  
The .....

113.3 Put in who or which.

- I met a woman who can speak six languages.
- What's the name of the woman ..... lives next door?
- What's the name of the river ..... flows through the town?
- Where is the picture ..... was hanging on the wall?
- Do you know anybody ..... wants to buy a car?
- You always ask questions ..... are difficult to answer.
- I have a friend ..... is very good at repairing cars.
- I think everybody ..... went to the party enjoyed it very much.
- Why does he always wear clothes ..... are too small for him?

113.4 Right or wrong? Correct the mistakes.

- A thief is a person (which) steals things. ... a person who steals ...
- An aeroplane is a machine that flies. OK
- A coffee maker is a machine who makes coffee. ....
- Have you seen the money that was on the table? .....
- I don't like people which never stop talking. ....
- I know somebody that can help you. ....
- I know somebody who works in that shop. ....
- Correct the sentences who are wrong. ....



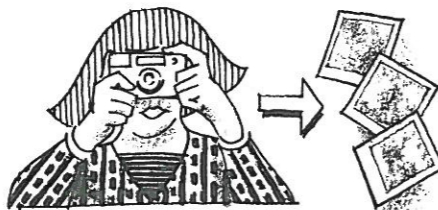
the people we met (relative clauses 2) the hotel you stayed at

A



The man is carrying a bag. } 2 sentences  
It's very heavy. }

The bag (that) he is carrying is very heavy. } 1 sentence



Ann took some photographs. } 2 sentences  
Have you seen them? }

Have you seen the photographs (that) Ann took? } 1 sentence

You can say:

- The bag **that** he is carrying ... or The bag he is carrying ... (with or without **that**)
- ... the photographs **that** Ann took? or ... the photographs Ann took?

You do not need **that/who/which** when it is the *object*:

subject	verb	object	
The man	was carrying	a bag	→ <b>the bag</b> (that) <b>the man was carrying</b>
Ann	took	some photographs	→ <b>the photographs</b> (that) <b>Ann took</b>
You	wanted	the book	→ <b>the book</b> (that) <b>you wanted</b>
We	met	some people	→ <b>the people</b> (who) <b>we met</b>

- Did you find **the book you wanted**? (or ... the book **that** you wanted?)
- **The people we met** were very nice. (or The people **who** we met ...)
- **Everything I said** was true. (or Everything **that** I said ...)

Note that we say:

- The film **we saw** was very good. (not 'The film we saw *it* was ...')

B

Sometimes there is a *preposition* (**to/in/at** etc.) after the verb:

- Jill is **talking to** a man. → Do you know **the man Jill is talking to**?
- We **stayed at** a hotel. → **The hotel we stayed at** was near the station.
- I **told you about** some books. → These are **the books I told you about**.

Note that we say:

- ... the books **I told you about** (not 'the books I told you about *them*')

You can say: (a place) **where** ... :

- **The hotel where** we stayed was near the station. (= The hotel we stayed **at** ...)

C

You must use **who/that/which** when it is the *subject* (⇒ Unit 113):

- I met a woman **who can speak** six languages. (**who** is the *subject*)
- Jim was wearing a hat **that was** too big for him. (**that** is the *subject*)

EXERCISES

114.1 Make one sentence from two.

- (Ann took some photographs. Have you seen them?)  
Have you seen the photographs Ann took?
- (You gave me a pen. I've lost it.)  
I've lost the .....
- (Sue is wearing a jacket. I like it.)  
I like the .....
- (I gave you some flowers. Where are they?)  
Where are the ..... ?
- (He told us a story. I didn't believe it.)  
I .....
- (You bought some oranges. How much were they?)  
How ..... ?

114.2 Make one sentence from two.

- (I was carrying a bag. It was very heavy.)  
The bag I was carrying was very heavy.
- (You cooked a meal. It was excellent.)  
The .....
- (I'm wearing shoes. They aren't very comfortable.)  
The shoes .....
- (We invited some people to dinner. They didn't come.)  
The .....

114.3 Complete the sentences. Use the information in the box.

I looked at a map	they live in a house	you were looking for some keys
I was sitting on a chair	we were waiting for a bus	you spoke to some people
you stayed at a hotel	Linda is dancing with a man	

- What's the name of **the hotel you stayed at** ?
- Who are the people ..... ?
- Did you find the ..... ?
- The ..... is too small for them.
- The ..... wasn't very clear.
- I fell off .....
- ..... was very late.
- Who is ..... ?

114.4 Read the situations and complete the questions. Use ... **where** ...

- John stayed at a hotel. You ask him:  
Did you like **the hotel where you stayed**?
- Sue had dinner in a restaurant. You ask her:  
What's the name of the restaurant .....
- Sarah lives in a village. You ask her:  
Do you like .....
- Richard works in a factory. You ask him:  
How big .....



## UNIT 106

## 106.1

- 2 to 5 at  
3 for 6 for  
4 to

## 106.2

- 2 to  
3 to  
4 for  
5 to  
6 of/about  
7 for  
8 on  
9 to  
10 for  
11 to  
12 – (no preposition)  
13 to  
14 on  
15 of/about

## 106.3

- 1 at 4 after  
2 after 5 at  
3 for 6 for

## 106.4

Example answers:

- 3 It depends on the programme.  
4 It depends (on) what it is.  
5 It depends on the weather.  
6 It depends (on) how much you want.

## UNIT 107

## 107.1

- 2 went in  
3 looked up  
4 rode off  
5 turned round/around or looked round/around  
6 got off  
7 sat down  
8 got out

## 107.2

- 2 away/out  
3 round/around  
4 going out ... be back  
5 down  
6 over  
7 back  
8 in

- 9 up  
10 going away ... coming back

## 107.3

- 2 Hold on  
3 slowed down  
4 takes off  
5 get on  
6 speak up  
7 broken down  
8 fall over / fall down  
9 carried on  
10 gave up

## UNIT 108

## 108.1

- 2 She took off her hat. or She took her hat off.  
3 He put down his bag. or He put his bag down.  
4 She picked up the magazine. or She picked the magazine up.  
5 He put on his sunglasses. or He put his sunglasses on.  
6 She turned off the tap. or She turned the tap off.

## 108.2

- 2 He put his jacket on. He put it on.  
3 She took off her glasses. She took them off.  
4 Put your pens down. Put them down.  
5 They gave the money back. They gave it back.  
6 I turned off the lights. I turned them off.

## 108.3

- 2 take it back  
3 picked them up  
4 switched it off  
5 bring them back

## 108.4

- 3 I knocked over a glass / I knocked a glass over  
4 look it up  
5 throw them away  
6 fill it in  
7 tried on a pair of shoes / tried a pair of shoes on  
8 showed me round (or around)

- 9 gave it up or gave up (without it)  
10 put out your cigarette / put your cigarette out

## UNIT 109

## 109.1

- 3 I went to the window and (I) looked out.  
4 I wanted to phone you but I didn't have your number.  
5 I jumped into the river and (I) swam to the other side.  
6 I usually drive to work but I went by bus this morning.  
7 Do you want me to come with you or shall I wait here?

## 109.2

Example answers:

- 2 because it was raining. / because the weather was bad.  
3 but it was closed.  
4 so he didn't eat anything. / so he didn't want anything to eat.  
5 because there was a lot of traffic. / because the traffic was bad.  
6 Sue said goodbye, got into her car and drove off/away.

## 109.3

Example answers:

- 3 I went to the cinema **but** the film wasn't very good.  
4 I went to a café **and** met some friends of mine.  
5 There was a film on television, **so** I watched it.  
6 I got up in the middle of the night **because** I couldn't sleep.

## UNIT 110

## 110.1

- 2 When I'm tired, I like to watch TV.  
3 When I phoned her, there was no answer.  
4 When I go on holiday, I always go to the same place.  
5 When the programme ended, I switched off the TV.  
6 When I arrived at the hotel, there were no rooms.

## 110.2

- 2 when they heard the news  
3 they went to live in New Zealand  
4 while they were away  
5 before they came here  
6 somebody broke into the house  
7 they didn't believe me

## 110.3

- 2 I finish  
3 it's  
4 I'll be ... she leaves  
5 stops  
6 We'll come ... we're  
7 I come ... I'll bring  
8 I'm  
9 I'll give ... I go

## 110.4

Example answers:

- 2 you finish your work?  
3 I'll write some letters.  
4 you get ready.  
5 I won't have much free time.  
6 I come back?

## UNIT 111

## 111.1

- 2 If you pass the exam, you'll get a certificate.  
3 If you fail the exam, you can do it again.  
4 If you don't want this magazine, I'll throw it away.  
5 If you want those pictures, you can have them.  
6 If you're busy now, we can talk later.  
7 If you're hungry, we can have lunch now.  
8 If you need money, I can lend you some.

## 111.2

- 2 I give  
3 is  
4 I'll phone  
5 I'll be ... get  
6 Will you go ... they invite

## 111.3

Example answers:

- 3 ... the water is dirty.  
4 ... you'll feel better in the morning.

- 5 ... you're not watching it.  
6 ... she doesn't study.  
7 ... I'll go and see Chris.  
8 ... the weather is good.

## 111.4

- 2 When  
3 If  
4 If  
5 if  
6 When  
7 if  
8 when ... if

## UNIT 112

## 112.1

- 3 wanted  
4 had  
5 was/were  
6 didn't enjoy  
7 could  
8 spoke  
9 didn't have

## 112.2

- 3 I'd go / I would go  
4 she knew  
5 we had  
6 you won  
7 I wouldn't stay  
8 we lived  
9 It would be  
10 the salary was/were  
11 I wouldn't know  
12 would you change

## 112.3

- 2 I'd watch it / I would watch it  
3 we had some pictures on the wall  
4 the air would be cleaner  
5 every day was/were the same  
6 I'd be bored / I would be bored  
7 we had a bigger house / we bought a bigger house  
8 we would/could buy a bigger house

## 112.4

Example answers:

- 2 I'd go to Antarctica  
3 I didn't have any friends  
4 I had enough money  
5 I'd call the police  
6 there were no guns

## UNIT 113

## 113.1

- 2 A butcher is a person who sells meat.  
3 A musician is a person who plays a musical instrument.  
4 A patient is a person who is ill in hospital.  
5 A dentist is a person who looks after your teeth.  
6 A fool is a person who is very stupid.  
7 A genius is a person who is very intelligent.  
8 A liar is a person who doesn't tell the truth.

## 113.2

- 2 The woman who opened the door was wearing a yellow dress.  
3 Most of the students who took the exam passed (it).  
4 The policeman who stopped our car wasn't very friendly.

## 113.3

- 2 who  
3 which  
4 which  
5 who  
6 which  
7 who  
8 who  
9 which

that is also correct in all these sentences.

## 113.4

- 3 ... a machine **that/which** makes coffee.  
4 OK (**which** is also correct)  
5 ... people **who/that** never stop talking.  
6 OK (**who** is also correct)  
7 OK (**that** is also correct)  
8 ... the sentences **that/which** are wrong.



## UNIT 114

## 114.1

- 2 I've lost the pen you gave me.
- 3 I like the jacket Sue is wearing.
- 4 Where are the flowers I gave you?
- 5 I didn't believe the story he told us.
- 6 How much were the oranges you bought?

## 114.2

- 2 The meal you cooked was excellent.

- 3 The shoes I'm wearing aren't very comfortable.
- 4 The people we invited to dinner didn't come.

## 114.3

- 2 Who are the people you spoke to?
- 3 Did you find the keys you were looking for?
- 4 The house they live in is too small for them.
- 5 The map I looked at wasn't very clear.
- 6 I fell off the chair I was sitting on.

- 7 The bus we were waiting for was very late.
- 8 Who is the man Linda is dancing with?

## 114.4

- 2 What's the name of the restaurant where you had dinner?
- 3 Do you like the village where you live?
- 4 How big is the factory where you work?

## Key to Additional exercises

## 1

- 3 Kate is a doctor.
- 4 The children are asleep.
- 5 Bill isn't hungry.
- 6 The books aren't on the table.
- 7 The hotel is near the station.
- 8 The bus isn't full.

## 2

- 3 she's/she is
- 4 Where are
- 5 Is he
- 6 It's/It is
- 7 I'm/I am or  
No, I'm not. I'm a student.
- 8 What colour is
- 9 Is it
- 10 Are you
- 11 How much are

## 3

- 3 He's/He is having a bath.
- 4 Are the children playing?
- 5 Is it raining?
- 6 They're/They are coming now.
- 7 Why are you standing here?  
I'm/I am waiting for somebody.

## 4

- 4 Chris doesn't want
- 5 Do you want
- 6 Does Ann live
- 7 Sarah knows
- 8 I don't travel
- 9 do you usually get up
- 10 They don't go out
- 11 Tim always finishes
- 12 does Jill do ... She works

## 5

- 3 She's/She is a student.
- 4 She hasn't got a car.
- 5 She goes out a lot.
- 6 She's got / She has got a lot of friends.
- 7 She doesn't like London.
- 8 She likes dancing.
- 9 She isn't / She's not interested in sport.

## 6

- 1 Are you married?  
Where do you live?  
Have you got / Do you have any children?  
How old is she?
- 2 How old are you?  
What do you do? / Where do you work? / What's your job?  
Do you like/enjoy your job?  
Have you got / Do you have a car?  
Do you (usually) go to work by car?
- 3 What's his name? / What's he called?  
What does he do? / What's his job?  
Does he live/work in London?

## 7

- 4 Sonia is 32 years old.
- 5 I've got / I have two sisters.
- 6 We often watch TV in the evening.
- 7 Ann never wears a hat.
- 8 A bicycle has got two wheels.
- 9 These flowers are beautiful.
- 10 Mary speaks German very well.

## 8

- 3 are you cooking?
- 4 plays
- 5 I'm going
- 6 It's raining
- 7 I don't watch
- 8 we're looking
- 9 do you pronounce

## 9

- 2 we go
- 3 is shining
- 4 are you going
- 5 do you go
- 6 She writes
- 7 I never read
- 8 They're watching
- 9 She's talking
- 10 do you usually have
- 11 He's visiting
- 12 I don't drink

## 10

- 2 went
- 3 found
- 4 was
- 5 had
- 6 told
- 7 gave
- 8 were
- 9 thought
- 10 invited

## 11

- 3 He was good at sport.
- 4 He played football.
- 5 He didn't work hard at school.
- 6 He had a lot of friends.
- 7 He didn't have a bicycle.
- 8 He wasn't a quiet child.

## 12

- 3 How long were you there? / How long did you stay there?
- 4 Did you like/enjoy Amsterdam?
- 5 Where did you stay?
- 6 Was the weather good?
- 7 When did you get/come back?

## 13

- 3 I forgot
- 4 did you get
- 5 I didn't speak
- 6 Did you have
- 7 he didn't go
- 8 she arrived
- 9 did Robert live
- 10 The meal didn't cost

## 14

- 2 were working
- 3 opened
- 4 rang ... was cooking
- 5 heard ... looked
- 6 was looking ... happened
- 7 wasn't reading ... was watching
- 8 didn't read
- 9 finished ... paid ... left
- 10 saw ... was walking ... was waiting