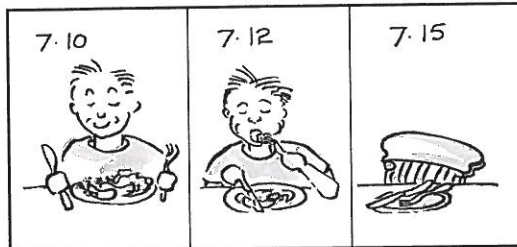
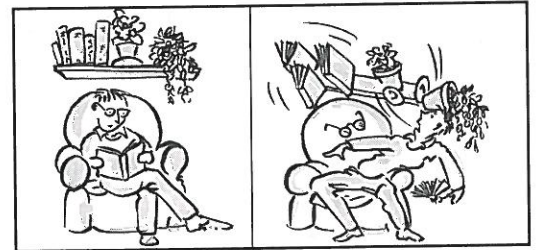


quickly/badly/suddenly etc. (adverbs)

A



He ate his dinner very **quickly**.



Suddenly the shelf fell down.

Quickly and **suddenly** are adverbs.

adjective + **-ly** → adverb:

adjective	quick	bad	sudden	careful	heavy	
adverb	quickly	badly	suddenly	carefully	heavily	etc.

Spelling (⇒ Appendix 5): easy → easily heavy → heavily

B

Adverbs tell you *how* something happens or *how* somebody does something:

- The train **stopped suddenly**.
- I **opened** the door **slowly**.
- Please **listen carefully**.
- I **understand** you **perfectly**.



It's raining **heavily**.

Compare:

adjective (⇒ Unit 84)

- Sue **is** very **quiet**.
- **Be careful!**
- It was a **bad game**.
- I **feel nervous**. (= I am nervous)

adverb

- Sue **speaks** very **quietly**. (not 'speaks very quiet')
- **Listen carefully!** (not 'listen careful')
- Our team **played badly**. (not 'played bad')
- I **waited nervously**.

C

hard fast late early These words are adjectives *and* adverbs:

- Sue's job **is** very **hard**.
- Ben **is** a **fast runner**.
- The bus **was late/early**.

- Sue **works** very **hard**. (not 'hardly')
- Ben can **run fast**.
- I **went** to bed **late/early**.

D

good (adjective) → **well** (adverb)

- Your English **is** very **good**.
- It was a **good game**.

- You **speak** English very **well**. (not 'very good')
- Our team **played well**.

But **well** is also an adjective (= not ill, in good health):

- 'How are you?' 'I'm very **well**, thank you. And you?'

EXERCISES

85.1 Look at the pictures and complete the sentences with one of these adverbs:

angrily badly dangerously fast heavily quietly



- 1 It's raining heavily.
- 2 He sings very
- 3 They came in
- 4 She shouted at me
- 5 She can run very
- 6 He was driving

85.2 Choose a verb (Box A) + an adverb (Box B) to complete the sentences.

<p>A</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>come</td> <td>know</td> <td>sleep</td> <td>win</td> </tr> <tr> <td>explain</td> <td>listen</td> <td>think</td> <td>work</td> </tr> </table>	come	know	sleep	win	explain	listen	think	work	+	<p>B</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>carefully</td> <td>clearly</td> <td>hard</td> <td>well</td> </tr> <tr> <td>carefully</td> <td>easily</td> <td>quickly</td> <td>well</td> </tr> </table>	carefully	clearly	hard	well	carefully	easily	quickly	well
come	know	sleep	win															
explain	listen	think	work															
carefully	clearly	hard	well															
carefully	easily	quickly	well															

- 1 I'm going to tell you something very important, so please listen carefully.
- 2 Ann! I need your help. !
- 3 They At the end of the day they're always tired.
- 4 I'm tired this morning. I didn't last night.
- 5 You're a much better tennis player than me. When we play, you always
- 6 before you answer the question.
- 7 I've met Alice a few times but I don't her very
- 8 Our teacher isn't very good. Sometimes he doesn't things very

85.3 Which is right?

- 1 Don't eat so quick/quickly. It's not good for you. quickly is right
- 2 Why are you angry/angrily? I haven't done anything.
- 3 Can you speak slow/slowly, please?
- 4 Come on, Dave! Why are you always so slow/slowly?
- 5 Bill is a very careful/carefully driver.
- 6 Jane is studying hard/hardly for her examinations.
- 7 'Where's Diane?' 'She was here but she left sudden/suddenly.'
- 8 Please be quiet/quietly. I'm studying.
- 9 Some companies pay their workers very bad/badly.
- 10 Those oranges look nice/nicely. Can I have one?

85.4 Put in good or well.

- 1 Your English is very good. You speak English very well.
- 2 Jackie did very in her exams.
- 3 The party was very I enjoyed it very much.
- 4 Martin has a difficult job but he does it
- 5 How are your parents? Are they
- 6 Did you have a holiday? Was the weather